
(TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.)

## INSTRUCTIONS

FOR OUTFITS Nos. 0 to 3
Price 35 Cents MECCANO COMPANY
No. 56 A
ELIZABETH,
NEW JERSEY
AMERICAN EDITION

## A TALK WITH NEW MECCANO BOYS



MECCANO OUTFITS contain accurately-made and highly-finished engineering parts and enable every movement known to mechanism to be reproduced in model form. With Meccano you can accomplish more than with any other constructional toy, for no other system has its possibilities. No study is needed to enable anyone to build models with Meccano-the genius is in the Meccano parts.

You never come to the end of Meccano fun. There is always more ahead-always some new, ingenious and interesting model to build. Each one, as it is completed, "tuned up," and set going, brings a joy and satisfaction beyond anything that boys have ever previously experienced.

As you progress in Meccano you obtain a greater variety of parts, gear wheels, pulley wheels, worm wheels, couplings, cranks, and all manner of perfectly-made real engineering parts. These enable you to construct complicated mechanical movements without any difficulty. The most wonderful feature of Meccano is that it is real engineering; it is fascinating and delightful and yet so simple that even an inexperienced boy may join in the fun without first having to study or learn anything.

## THE LIFE OF A MECGANO BOY

A Meccano boy is the happiest boy in the world. His Outfit is his passport into a great new land of pleasure and fun-Meccanoland, where happy, boys live. He has joined the great fraternity of boys who like to make things, and his fun increases with every new Meccano model that he builds. Time never hangs heavily on his hands, for with his Meccano Outfit he can make an endless variety of toys and copy any machine or structure that he cares to.

We are at all times glad to hear from Meccano boys and to correspond with them and help them with their models. Sometimes a little difficulty may be experienced in building a particular model, or some help required in designing new ones. We want all Meccano boys to get the utmost pleasure from their Outfits and we like to have them write to us and tell us what they are doing.

## How to Build with Meccano

Follow the instructions closely at first, and build the models just as you see them. Then take each model and try to improve our design. Every model can be made in a dozen different ways. Screw up all the nuts and bolts firmly and you will find that you can play with the trucks, cranes, signals, etc., and obtain many hours of fun.
Meccano is sold in different sized outfits, (see page 63). All parts are of the same high quality and finish, the larger ouffits containing a greater quantity and variety of parts.
Each outfit may be converted into the one next higher by the purchase of an Accessory Outfit. Thus, a No. 2 may be converted into a No. 3 by adding to it a No. 2A. A No. 3A would then convert it into a No. 4, and so on. In this way, no matter with which outfit you commence, you may by degrees build up to the largest outfit.

## How to Use the Meccano Electric Motor

The Meccano Electric Motor has been specially designed for running Meccano Models and may be operated efficiently by good dry cells or a storage battery giving approximately 4 volts. If two or three dry cells are used, they should be connected together as illustrated below, the central or positive terminal (1) of the first being connected to the outside or negative terminal (2) of the next, etc. The two remaining terminals (3) should be connected to the motor terminials (4). The connecting of the second motor terminal to the battery sets the

one-way motor in motion. Insulated copper bell wire is recommended for making the connections and can be obtained at any electrical supply store.

The reversing motor has a control lever (5) When this lever is in the central position, as illustrated, the current is off and the motor is "dead." To start the motor move the lever to the right or left according to the motion desired, either forward or reverse.

A little light oil should be applied occasionally to the bearings of the motor.

## The Meccano Transformer

When alternating electric current of 110 volts, 60 cycles is available it can be used to operate the motor through a Meccano transformer. (See page 62.) This transformer is well made and is very efficient ; it delivers just the right voltage for Meccano Motors.

## Attaching the Motor to Meccano Models

The sides and flanged base of the motor are pierced with the Meccano standardized holes, so it is a simple matter to build the motor right into the model. The illustration shows the motor attached to Model No. 122-Drop Stamp. The motor is bolted to the flanged plate and a cord is run around the motor pulley (6) and the pulley wheel (8) on the crank handle.

Thus the model can be operated either by hand or by motor, as desired. The crank handle and pulley (8) could also be removed and the motor fixed directly under the table. The cord could then be connected from the motor pulley (6) to the pulley (9) on the upper arm of the model. This would make a more compact and neater mod 1 .

When connecting the cord between two pulleys do not make it too tight nor too loose-a little experimenting will be necessary to get the proper tension. Meccano Spring Cord (part No. 58) is ideal for use with pulleys as it automatically adjusts itself to the proper tension. It can be purchased separately at any time.
Be sure that the model operates freely before attempting to drive it with the motor.

## Gears for Meccano Motors

To the driving shaft of the motor is secured a pinion (10) which is used when a positive shaft drive is required instead of a belt drive. A $57-$ toothed gear wheel (Meccano part No. 27a), secured to a rod passed through hole 7, will mesh with the pinion on the driving shaft, and this gear wheel will rotate much slower than the pinion be-

cause it is a great deal larger. However, although the speed of the second shaft is only about $1 / 5$ th the speed of the first shaft, it has about five times the power.
This is known as gear reduction and the procedure may be repeated by using a Meccano pinion on the other end of the rod which goes through hole 7. This pinion can be made to mesh with a gear wheel in the model.


11


9 Crank Handles
.05
.03

Particulars and Prices of Meccano Parts


No.
20 Flanged Wheels.

Pulley Whee
19в 3" dia. with centre boss and set screw, each 2
 Gear Wheels, $1^{1 \prime}, 38$ tecth

(32)

Worm Wheels.. Pivot (complete) No.... Spanners...


(22)

(35)

Spring Clips.
per box (doz.)
per box (doz.) Nuts..
Bolts. .
Hanks of Cord.

(44)

(27)

cach
Bush Wheels


(28)
$\qquad$

each
"
"
"

(62)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Cranks. } \\
& \text { Threade }
\end{aligned}
$$

Threaded Cranks
Couplings........... Strag Couplings....

Threaded Couplin
Threaded Bosses.
Centre Forks........
Weights, 50 gramme
Woodscrews,

5-32",

(63)

$\begin{array}{cc}\text { each } & .20 \\ \text { u } & .06 \\ \mu & .10 \\ \text { u } & .20 \\ \text { u } & 15 \\ \text { doz. } & 10 \\ \text { u } & .10 \\ \text { u } & 10 \\ \text { u } & .10\end{array}$ .15
.15
.15
.20
.20

(a)



108 Architraves. 109 Face Plates, $21 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ diam..

each .09
(127)




- (128)

Simple Bell Cranks.

 123 Cone Pulleys.


131 Dredger Buckets
each $\quad 15$


These Models can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 0

## Trucks and Luggage Carts

Model No. 1 Flat Truck



Model No. 5
Luggage Truck


Parts required: | Parts |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 of | No. | 5 | 16 | of | No. |
| 2 | " | ". | 16 | 1 | " |
| 47 | 52 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | " | " | 22 | 4 | " |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  |

Model No. 2
Truck with Sides






Parts required: 4 of No. 22




Model No. 13

## Trucks and Luggage Carts (Continued)

Model No. 8-Timber Truck


Model No. 11-Timber Truck
Model No. 12 Luggage Cart


Model No. 9
Flat Truck


Parts reguired:

| 4 of Nor P .2 | reguired: |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 52 |
| 16 | 2" " 60 |
| 22 | 26 |

Model No. 15



required: 2 " ${ }^{\text {" }} 17$ 17 " 14 | 2 of No. 2 | 3 | " | 22 | 1 | " | 52 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{lllllllll}6 & \text { " } & 5 & 4 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 35 & 3 & \text { " }\end{array}$

Model No. 16


Model No. 19 Railway Signal Parts required: 3 of No. 3 of No. $\begin{array}{llll}7 & 6 & 6 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 & 6 & 10\end{array}$ 2 " 610 $\begin{array}{llll}2 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 11\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}2 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 12 \\ 2 & \text { " } & & 17\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}2 & \text { " } & \text { " } \\ 1 & \text { " } & \text {. } & 2\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rccc}1 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 2 \\ 4 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 35 \\ 21 & \text { " } & \text { " } & 3\end{array}$ $1 "$ " 126 A


Model No. 17-Well Windlass


odel No. 18 See-Saw

Parts required: 4 of No. 4 of ${ }^{4}$ 2
5



Model No. 29-Drilling Machine



Model No. 33-Swing


Fic. 29A
Detail of Lr.Liing Machine.
Model No. 32 Buffers

Parts reguired:



Model No. 34
Ore Crusher


Parts required:

\[

\]

$$
\begin{array}{rrrr|rrrr}
2 & * & * & 10 & 2 & * & 6 & 35 \\
1 & * & 6 & 16 & 10 & 6 & " & 37 \\
1 & 6 & 6 & 19 & 1 & 6 & " & 52 \\
2 & 6 & 6 & 22 & 2 & 6 & " & 60
\end{array}
$$

Model No. 31-Rock Drill


Model No. 35-Buffing Spindle


These Models can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 0

## Model No. 36-Telpher Span

Many hours of enjoyment may be obtained from this model. The illustration shows exactly how it is worked. The cords may be made to any length, and the load carried from one side of the room to the other. In order to give a better grip, the operating cord should be wound twice round the crank handle pulley. The body of the telpher should be screwed down to a solid base with ordinary wood screws, and the pulley bracket screwed in a suitable position on the opposite side of the room.


Model No. 37-Windmill


Model No. 38

## Swivelling Crane



Model No. 41
Quick-Firing Gun


## Model No. 42-Swivelling Crane

 The sector plate of the Cranein this model is pivoted to the in this model is pivoted to the base with a fast pulley above and below.


Model No. 43-Ticca Gharry
Model No. 44


These Models can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 0


Model No. 55

## Anchor <br> Parts required: 2 of No. 3 " 4 4 4 4 4 11 " 6



Parts required: | 3 | of | No. | 2 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | of | No. 22 |  |  |



Model No. 56 Devil Wall

Model No. 59-Bogie Car

Parts required: 4 of No. 2 4 of No.
36
46 $\begin{array}{rrrr}3 & 6 & 6 & 10 \\ 4 & 6 & 6 & 16 \\ 2 & \text { 6 } & \text { 6 } & 22\end{array}$
Model No. 62-Battleship
Parts required

| 4 | of | No. | 2 | 1 | of | No. | 16 | 1 | of | No. 24 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | of No. 52

Model No. 60-Fire Stand

Parts required
$\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { of No. } 2{ }^{2} \text { Parts required: } \\
& 2 \text { of No. } 16 \mid l\end{aligned} \frac{1}{}$ of No. 52

| 2 | " | " | 10 | 4 | " | " | 22 | 2 | " |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | " | " | 11 | 12 | " | " | 37 | 2 | " |
|  | " | 126 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Model No. 101
Tandem Car

Model No. 102
Travelling Ladder

Model No. 103
Step Ladder

Model No. 104 Swivelling




The construction of the framework of this model presents no difficulty. The sector plate forming the plough is loosely pivoted on the bolts (1). The axle (2) is mounted in the front sector plate and the $2^{1 / 2 \prime}$ bent strip (3). A $2^{1 / 2^{\prime \prime}}$ strip (4) is bolted by angle brackets to a bush wheel on the front of the axle and forms a dispersing propeller for the snow after it has risen up the inclined sector plate. A continuous cord (5) is passed around a $]^{\prime \prime}$ pulley (6) and round the short axle (7) and a $1^{\prime \prime}$ pulley on the propeller axle. In this way, as the plough is moved along the ground, the propeller is revolved.

## Model No. 111 <br> Dinner Wagon



Parts required:

| 6 of No. 2 | 2 of No. 35 |
| :---: | :---: |
| " " 5 | 22 " " 37 |
| 4" " 12 | 1 " " 52 |
| " " 16 | 4" " 60 |
| 4 " " 22 | 2 " "126A |

The two lower platforms are constructed out of pieces of ordinary cardboard, their outer edges resting on $2^{1 / 2 \prime \prime}$ bent strips and theil inner edges on angle brackets.

## Model No. 112 Roundabout

Begin to build this model by making the platform from a flanged plate and $12^{112}$ " strips. The drive from the pulley on the crank is taken to a $1^{\prime \prime}$ pulley fast on a spindle (2), another similar pulley lieing secured to the spindle beneath the plate. The arms are formed of four $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strips and bolted to a bush wheel (1) fast on the spindle.

## Model No. 113-Swivelling Jib Crane

The fixed base of this crane is a perforated flanged plate (1) and the swivelling base of the crane is formed by two sector plates. The jib is formed from two $12^{1} / 2$ " strips (2) bolted to the ends of the front sector plate, two other $121 / 2$ "'s strips (3) being bolted to the top of the strips (2) and two cross strips (4), the outer ends of these latter strips being stayed by the strips (5) bolted to the back sector plate. The upper structure of the crane swivels about a of the crane swivels about
rod and the winding rope, operated by the crank handle passes over a pulley on a short rod in the head of the crane.


Model No. 114-Motor Van


Model No. 115


Model No. 116


## Model No. 122

Model No. 123-Lathe
Model No. 124-Tip Wagon


Model No 125
Mountain Transport


Parts required:


Parts required
Model No. 126 Motor Lurry

Parts required:

| 1 | of | No. | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 |  |  | 5 |
| 5 | " | " | 12 |
| 3 | " | " | 16 |
| 4 | " | " | 22 |
| 2 | " | " | 35 |
| 14 | " | " | 37 |
| 1 | " | " | 52 |
| 2 | " | " | 54 |
| 2 | " | " | 60 |



Model No. 127
Jib Crane
Parts



Model No. 128-Double Action Crane
A feature of this crane is that, by the
arrangement of the cords on the crank handle, one load may be raised while the other is being lowered.
Parts required:

Model No. 129
Fire Alarm


## Parts required:

| of No. 1 | 1 of No. 22 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 " " 24 |
| 1 " " 3 | 4 " " 35 |
| 5 | 27 " " 37 |
| 8" " 12 | 2* 54 |
| " " 16 |  |

Model No. 132-Invalid Chair

## Model No. 133-Foot Cycle



Model No. 136


Steering Truck

## HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 1. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 1A Accessory Outfit, the price of which will be found in the List at the end of the Manual.

Model No. 201

## Truck



## Model No. 202

Revolving Truck



## Model No. 203-Lathe

Model No. 204-Turntable Gangway


Parts required:

| 2 of No. | 1 | 4 of No. 22 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 2 |  | 24 |
| 2 ' | 3 | 34 | c 37 |
| $4^{* 6}$ | 5 | 1 | * 52 |
| $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 15A | 2 " | " 54 |
| $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 17 | 3 | 60 |

Fig. 204a (undernealh vievo)


The side frames of the gangway are made of $121 / \mu^{\prime \prime}$ strips bolted by means of $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ bent strips to parallel strips below. The side frames are connected by a perforated flanged plate to the underside of which is bolted a bush wheel fitted with a rod on which is mounted a $1^{\prime \prime}$ pulley (see Fig. 204A). The rod passes through one of the end holes of the sector plate which is connected by diagonal strips to another sector plate. Through the end hole of the latter a rod is threaded carrying two $1^{\prime \prime}$ pulleys from one of which an operating cord passes through the pulley mounted on the under side of the flanged plate. In this way the Gangway may be rotated by an operating spindle.

Model No. 205-Scales


Model No. 206-Joy Wheel

Parts required:

| 2 of No. 1 | 1 of No. 22A |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6" " 2 | 1" " 24 |
| 6""5 | 2 " " 35 |
| 2" " 12 | 28 " " 37 |
| 1 " " 15 A | 1" " 52 |
| 1 " " 19 | 2" " 54 |
| 3" " 22 | 5* " 60 |

The driving mechanism and construction of the framework of this model are clearly brought out in Fig. 206A. Cut out a circular piece of cardboard, $8^{\prime \prime}$ in diameter, and in the centre of the disc fix a bush wheel by nuts and bolts. The eye of the bush wheel is then threaded over the top of a vertical spindle, and secured by its set-screw.
Model No. 207
Polishing Spindle

Fic. 206A


Model No. 208
Pit Head Gear


Model No 209
Gangway


| Parts required: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 22 |  |
| $1{ }^{6} \times 10$ | $1{ }^{1} \times 23$ | I of No. 54 |
| 1 " * 12 | 4* * 35 | 2 :- 60 |
| 1. * 16 | $17 \times 637$ | 2 " "100 |
| 1 * * 19 | $1 * * 52$ | 2 " 126 A |

Model No. 211-Motor Cart


Model No. 210 Ladder on Wheels


Parts required:


Model No. 212

## Cot on Wheels




Model No. 214



| Parts | 1 of No. 16 | 25 of No. 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| required: | 1 " " 19 | ] " * 52 |
| 4 of No. 2 | 2"* 22 | 1 " " 54 |
| 8 " " 5 | 1" " 24 | 2" " 60 |
| 2" " 11 | 6" " 35 | 4 " "125 |

Model No. 216

## Roundabout Seesaw



Model No. 217-Monoplane



Model No. 223-Coal Sifter


Parts required

| A of No. | 2 | 1 of No. 24 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 | 2 | ${ }^{6}$ | 35 |
| $6^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | 47 | - | 37 |
| $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 | 1 | - | 45 |
| 1 | 12 | 1 | ' | 52 |
| 3 | 16 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 54 |
| 1 | 17 | 6 | - | 60 |
| 4 | 20 | 1 | ¢ | 62 |
| 4 " | 22 | 2 | " | 125 |
| * | 23 | 2 |  | 12 |



Model No. 224
Try-your-strength Machine


| Parts required |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 of No. | 1 |  | of No |  |  | of No | -. 38 |
| 5 " | 2 | 1 | 6 :* | 18A |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 45 |
| $2^{6}$ | 3 | 4 | 46 | 22 |  | " | 52 |
| 2 " | 8 | , | 6 6 | 24 | 1 | " | 54 |
| $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11 | 4 | " 6 | 35 |  | " | - 60 |
| 2 " | 16 | 30 |  | 37 |  | " | 126a |

Model No. 226-Candy Puller


Model No. 230-Motor Van
Parts required:


Model No. 231 Stamping Mill


Model No. 233 Smoothing Iron


Model No. 234

## Coaster



These Models can be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2, or No. 1 and No. 1A


Model No. 237
Towel Rail

Model No. 236-Sifter


Model No. 238-Spinning Top


## Model No. 239-Seashore Aeroplage

Model No. 240 Embossing Machine

Model No. 241-Dinner Gong



| Parts required: |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | of No. 1 | 2 of | No. 16 |  | of No. 37 |
| 9 | " " 2 | 1 " | * 17 | 1 | " 644 |
| 2 | " ${ }^{6} 5$ | $1{ }^{6}$ | " 18a | 1 | " " 52 |
| 2 | " ${ }^{4}$ | 4.6 | 6 20 | 2 | " " 54 |
|  | " " 11 | 4." | ، 22 | 4 | " "60 |
| 4 | " 6 12 | 1 " | " 24 |  |  |
|  | " 15 | $4 "$ | " 35 |  |  |

Parts required:



## Model No. 245-Extending Ladder on Running Carriage




Fig. 245A

The bed of the lower carriage framework is formed by bolting two $12 \frac{1}{h^{\prime \prime}}$ strips to the sides of a large flanged plate, and two sector plates bolted to the flanged plate by their flanges to lorm the sides, and a bearing for the spindle carrying the operating cord attached to the bottom of the ladder to raise it from a horizontal position, and the strips (I) form a support for the ladder when in this horizontal position. Angle brackets (2), Fig. 245 A , form pivots for the lower part of the ladder, and are carried from the supports (3). The upper part of the ladder, Fig. 245, is slidably guided and retained on the lower ladder by reversed brackets (4). The extension of the ladder is effected by the cranked spindle round a rulley on which (and another pulley at the top of the framework) the cord is passed, the ends being secured to the lower part of the slidable ladder.

## Model No. 246 <br> Ferry Gangway

The vertical standard (1) is built up from two angle girders, the slotted holes overlapping to form


Model No. 247
The Acrobat

Model No. 248
Jumping Jack


Model No. 249-Turnstile




Magic Sector Plates

| Parts required: |
| :---: |
| 2 of No. 11 |
| 1 " " 17 |
| 2" " 35 |
| 6 " " 37 |
| 2" " 54 |

When the cord is held vertically the magis sector plates will fall or stop at the bidding of the owner. If the cord is held without tension the plates will fall, but the instant the cord is tightened they will stop dead. The cord is wrapped once around the rod which passes through the centre holes of the sector plates.

Model No. 253
Railway Foot Bridge and Signals


Parts required


| 1 | of | No. | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | " | " | 12 |
| 1 | $"$ | $"$ | 15 A |
| 2 | $"$ | $"$ | 16 |
| 1 | $"$ | $"$ | 17 |
| 3 | $«$ | $«$ | 22 |

Model No. 254-Motor Van


Model No. 256-Roundabout


Model No. 257-Beam Scales


## HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 2. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 2A Accessory Outfit (see page 58).


The lower horizontal ribs (1) and main vertical members (2) are made of angle girders overlapping nine holes, and the diagonal ties (3) of two $121 / 9^{\prime \prime}$ strips and one $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strip, the $12^{1} 12^{\prime \prime}$ strips being overlapped three holes, and the lower $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strip seven holes. The pulley (4) is carried in a nosing made of two $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strips and two $121 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strips connected at their apex by a double bracket. The rear swivel point of the crane is made by bolting the gear box (5) to a double bent strip (6) secured to the floor. The crane runs on the flanged wheel (7) and is rotated by means of the worm (8) which engages a pinion (9) on the spindle of one of the flanged wheels and is rotated bv the hand wheel (10).

Model No. 302-Toboggan


Model No. 303-Horse Sleigh


Parts required:


Model No. 304-Sleigh



## Model No. 305-Tower Wagon



Fig. 305
Fig. 305A
Begin the construction of this model by building up the platform, Fig. A, the tie strips (1) being left off as shown in order to be able to insert the rising and falling tower, Fig. b. The strips are then bolted on. The guide strips (2) are bolted to the girder (3) of the tower with washers beneath the strips. This gives the necessary clearance and enables the strips to rise easily up the faces of the girders (4) of the fixed lower part of the tower. The tower is raised by means of a cord which passes over a pulley (5) and is fastened to a rod (6), the other end of the cord wirding pn a rod (7) rotated by a hand wheel (8) on the spindle of the worm (9).

Model No. 306-Letter Balance


The connection at (1) of the rocking arms (2) to the thrust strips (3) is locknutted to give a free pivotal action, and similarly the pivotal connections (5) of the strips (3) to the lever strips (4) are locknutted to give free play.

Model No. 307
Oscillating Steam Engine


The piston rod (1) of one cylinder is pivotally connected to the crank rod (2) by means of a small double angle strip (3), and the piston rod (4) of the other cylinder is pivoted to the crank rod by a coupling (5). The cylinders consisting of four strips are enclosed by flanged wheels at the ends, and are pivoted on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ reversed brackets (6). The model is operated from the handle rod (7), a pulley on the rear end of which is coupled to the pulley (8) by a cord (9).

Model No. 308-Railway Wagon Swivel Crane


## Parts required:

| 4 of No. 1 | 1 of No. 19 | 2 of No. 38 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 " " 2 | 1 " " 198 | 2 " " 52 |
| 1 * 6 3 | 4 " ${ }^{60}$ | 2 * " 53 |
| 2 \% 65 | 4 " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 22 | 2 " " 54 |
| 4 " " 8 | $1{ }^{6}$ : $22{ }^{2} \mathrm{~A}$ | 1 " "57 |
| I * " 11 | $1{ }^{1} \times 6.4$ | 3* " 59 |
| 14* " 12 | 1 " *27A | 2 .. 60 |
| 2 " " 15 | $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ : 32 | 1 .. * 63 |
| $1{ }^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime} 15 \mathrm{~A}$ | 3 " 35 | 1 * " 115 |
| $2 * * 17$ | $70^{\prime \prime} \quad 37$ | 4 : "125 |
|  |  | 4 " ${ }^{\text {\% }} 126$ A |

The flanges of the sector plates (1) are bolted to the $3^{\prime \prime}$ pulley wheel (2) upon which the crane swivels, and the spindle of the pulley wheel is rotated by the worm (3) engaging the gear wheel (4) on the spindle. In order to bring the worm centrally over the teeth of the gear wheel (4), washers are placed between the angle brackets (5) in which the spindle of the worm is journalled.



| Parts required: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 of No. 2 | 55 of No. 37 |
| 6 " " 3 | 2 " 38 |
| 12 " 5 | $1{ }^{6} \quad 645$ |
| 2 " " 8 | 2 " " 52 |
| $2{ }^{6}$ 6 11 | $3 * * 53$ |
| 1 " " 17 | 2 " 54 |
| 1 " "21 | 1 " "63 |
| 1" "24 | 4 " " 90 |



Frc. 310A


|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Parts required: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 of No. | 4 | 2 of No, 20 | 5 of No. 59 |
| 2 | 5 | 1 " " 21 | 2 " " 60 |
| 2 | 10 | 4 " " 22 | 2 " " 62 |
| 2 | 11 | 2" " 22A | 1" " 63 |
| 1 | 12 | 1 " " 24 | 1 " " 111 |
| 1 | 15 | 2 " ${ }^{\text {" }} 35$ | 1 " " 115 |
| 2 | 15A | 21 ، " 37 | 3" " 125 |
| 2 " | 17 | $1 \times 34$ | 2 " " 126a |
| 1 " " | 198 | 1 " " 46 |  |

## Model No. 314-Demonstration Scales



Model No. 313
Coffee Grinder

Parts required:
2 of No. 2
6 " $\quad 3$
$2 *: 4$
2 " $\quad 16$
1 ‘ ؛ 19 B
1 " $\quad$ " 26
1 " " 27A
$\begin{array}{rrrr}16 & : & " & 37 \\ 2 & : & 4 & 54 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 & 59\end{array}$

| 3 | 6 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 59 |  |

1 " ${ }^{\prime}$ " 115


Model No. 315-Rattle

| Parts required: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 of No. 4 | 6 of No. 37 |
| 2 " " 5 | 2 " " 59 |
| 2" " 12 | 1" " 60 |
| 1" " 15 | 1 " " 63 |
| 2 " " 26 |  |

The only feature of this model which needs description is the standard which is built up of two angle girders (1) bolted to the base (2) by angle brackets and spaced apart at the top by a $21 / 2$ " strip obliquely disposed. The balance lever (3) is pivotally carried in curved strips (4) bolted to the top of two angle girders (5) sliding between the girders (1). The girders (5) are themselves bolted together and in order to guide them as they slide vertically flat trunnions (6) are bolted at the front and rear. The balance is raised by depressing the lever ( 8 ) pivoted at 9 and pivotally connected at 11 to the vertically sliding girders (5). The indicator (10) is bolted to a crank at the rear, the boss of which is fitted on the pivot rod (11). The connections at 12 are lock-nutted to allow free action.

## Model No. 316-Drop the Nigger



## Model No. 317-Newton's Disc



This is a model to show that white light is made up of the three primary colours-red, yellow, blue. Sectors of these three colours are mounted or painted on the dise, which if then quickly rotated, shows as white.

| Parts required: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 of No. 15 | 1 of No. 24 | 8 of No |  |
| 1 " " 15 A | 1 " " 26 | 2 " | 52 |
| 1 " " 19 | 1" " 27A | 2 " | 53 |
| 2"*22 | 2 " " 35 | 4 " |  |

## Model No. 318-Railway Breakdown Crane




Fic. 318a


Fig. 318b

The swivelling action is obtained by bolting a $3^{\prime \prime}$ pulley (1) to double angle strips (2) on the jib frame. The boss of this wheel fits over the rod (3) and is secured to the rod. The hand wheel (4) rotates the worm (5), engaging the pinion (6) to swivel the jib.

## Model No. 319 <br> Pit Head Gear

| Parts required: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 of No. 1 | 6 of No. 35 |
| 10" " 2 | 74 ". ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 37$ |
| 4. " ${ }^{\text {، }} 3$ | 2" " 52 |
| 2 " " 4 | 3 * 653 |
| 8" " 8 | 2 " « 54 |
| 10 " " 12 | 3 " " 59 |
| 1 " 6 15 | 1 ** 62 |
| 3" " 15A | 2 " 6100 |
| 1 " " 17 |  |
| 1 " ${ }^{\text {c }} 19$ |  |
| 1 " " 198 |  |
| 1 " " 22 |  |
| 1 " " 26 |  |
| 1" " 27a |  |

Model No. 320


Model No. 321 Lathe


Parts required:

| 8 of No. 2 | 2 of No. 20 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 " " 5 | 1 " " 22 |
| $4{ }^{\text {" }} 8$ | 41 " " 37 |
| $2 * * 12 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1 " " 46 |
| $1 " * 15 A$ | 2**60 |
| 1 " "16 |  |

## Model No. 322

## Roundabout



Model No. 323 Swing


Parts required:

| 12 of No. 2 | 1 of No. 15 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9 " " 5 | 2 " " 35 |
| 6 " " 8 | 43 " " 37 |
| 2" " 11 | 4" " 60 |
| 4 " " 12 |  |

Model No. 324
Railway Gauge


Model No. 325-Chinese Palanquin


Model No. 327-Wire Rope Maker
The strands are twisted from both ends by the handles (1) and (2) of the fixed parts. The handle (1) rotates through a large gear wheel (3) two pinions (4) on the rods (5) carrying cranks to which the strands are attached. The other ends of the strands are connected to a double bent strip (6) on a bush wheel which is rotated in the opposite direction by a crank handle (2). The carriage (7) runs on rails and the vertical rod (8) is kept just at the formation of the twisted rope and so controls the tightness of the twist.


| - | Parts.required: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 of No. 2 | 4 of No. 20 | 1 of No. 53 |
| $6 " \% 3$ | 1 " " 22 | $4{ }^{\text {" }}$ " 59 |
| 5 " " 5 | $2^{*}$ " 22 a | 2" "60 |
| 2"*8 | 3 " 35 | 2 " 60B |
| 2 " "11 | $38 \times 37$ | 1 " " 62 |
| 2 " "15 | :" "46 | $1 * * 63$ |
| 2 " 16 | 1" " 52 |  |

Módel No. 328-Lawn Swing


The swing (1) is pivotally supported on four strips (2), the far strip (2A) is connected at the top to a crank (3) which is bolted to a rod (4) and at the front end of this rod is a wheel (5) to which is bolted a strip (6) to the motor spindle


Model No. 329 Oil Cake Chopper

Parts required:

| 10 of No. 2 | 20 of No. 37 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 " "10 | 1 " " 52 |
| 2" "12 | 2 " " 53 |
| 1 " " 19 | 2 " " 54 |
| 4 " " 22 | 2 |
| " " 35 |  |

Model No. 331-Swinging Cot
Model No. 332-Drafting Machine


Model No. 334 Lace Jennier


## Model No. 335-Flax Cleaner



Model No. 336-Ice Boat



Model No. 337-Swing
Model No 338-Automatic Swing Boat


## Model No. 339--Fire Escape

The main frame (1) is pivotally connected to the running truck (2) about the rod (3). Ordinarily the frame (1) rests on the running truck (2) when the escape is being transported. In order to raise the main frame about the pivot rod (3) the handle (4) winds up the cord (5) the outer end of which is connected to the running truck axle in order to raise or lower the ladder (6) the handle (7) is turned in one or other direction, the cord (8) passing over the pulleys


## Model No. 340-Actuated See-Saw

The see-sawing is actuated by the travelling action of the wheels (1). The spindle of the wheels is connected by the cord (2) to the pulley (3) on the spinde of the pinion (4) which drives a gear wheel on the spinclle of the bush wheel (5). A threaded pin (6) on this wheel engages the strip (7) coupled to a lever strip (8) pivoted at (9) which rocks pivot rod (10) of the see-saw (11).


Parts required:

| 3 of No. 2 | 2 of No. 15 | 1 of No. 25 | 1 of No. 53 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 " 3 | 3 " "15A | 1 ". ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 27 | 3* 659 |
| 5 ". " 5 | $4^{\text {"6 }}$ " 20 | $4^{6 \%} 35$ | 2 " 60 |
| 8" "8 | 2 * " 22 | 36 " " 37 | 2 " "62 |
| 4" 12 | 1**24 | $2 \cdots 52$ | 1 \% ${ }^{6} 115$ |

- Model No. 341 -Hand Car


The driving head (1) is raised by means of a threaded pin (2) on two $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ strips (3), the pin engaging in the first hole of the driving head. As the head is raised, the strip (3) makes contact with a pulley (4) and the latter pushes the strip rearwardly, disengaging the pin from the hole on the driving head, permitting it to fall. The cross strips (5) of the driving head are duplicated behind, spacing washers being inserted between them on the bolts (6) to allow free movement un and down the guide girders.

Model No. 343-Swing Cot


Model No. 344-Scales


## HOW TO CONTINUE

This completes the Models which may be made with MECCANO Outfit No. 3. The next Models are a little more advanced, requiring a number of extra parts to construct them. The necessary parts are all contained in a No. 3A Accessory Outfit (see next page).

## The Meccano Accessory Outfits

The illustration at the right shows a specimen of one of the Meccano Acces sory Outfits. As we have already explained, these connect the main Outfits, making it possible for a boy to commence with one of the small Outfits and build it up by easy stages until he has the equivalent of the largest Outfit made. For example, if you now have a No. 3 Outfit, the addition of a No. 3A Accessory Outfit will convert it into a No. 4, with which a number of bigger and better models can be built. The further addition of a No. 4A Accessory Outfit will build your equipment into a No. 5 Outfit. By adding a No. 5A Accessory Outfit you will have all the parts included in the No. 6 , which is the largest one made. You will then be able to build all of the 353 models shown in the two big Manuals and also be able to invent new models. For prices see page 62.

Accessory Outfits do not contain Motors or Transformers



## The Meccano Electric Motors

How splendid it is, after spending hours in building a model, to be able to set it in motion with an electric motor, just as real engineers do! The Meccano Electric motors are made especially for this purpose and may be run from three dry batteries or direct from the house current with the Meccano Transformer They are designed to be built into Meccano models and are the most powerful toy motors made. Two types are available-the E-1, a one-way motor which is fitted with a pulley for belt drive and a pinion for gears; and the E-2, which is reversible and includes extra
 gears. For prices see page 62

## The Meccano Clockwork Motor



This motor serves the same purpose as the electric motors and is a fine piece of mechanism-simple, powerful and reliable. It is provided with the stand ard Meccano equidistant holes and can be built right into the model and form a rigid part of it. A starting and stopping lever is provided, and the motor is also fitted with reverse mechanism. For price see page 62

## The Meccano Transformer

Specially constructed to operate Meccano Electric Motors from the house current. A safe and reliable instrument that eliminates the expense of batteries. For alternating current of 110 volts, 60 cycles only. For price see page 62.

## A Few Choice Meccano Models.

On this and the following pages we illustrate some of the larger models which can be built with Meccanc. Each one of these is a perfect working model, accurate in every detail. They represent the genius of generations of engineering experts, and will give any boy who builds them many hours of enjoyment in addition to a sound knowledge of the construction and operation of the actual mechanisms.

## Theodolite

A Theodolite is an instrument with which angles and inclinations can be accurately and rapidly determined and distances calculated. It is used by surveyors and civil engineers for measuring plots of land, etc. The model Theodoite illustrated is easy to build and any boy can have a lot of fun with it.


## Hydraulic Crane

This model illustrates the operation of a Hydraulic Crane, in which great power is utilized to force two or more sets of pulley wheels apart; it is so arranged that a great movement of the load is obtained by a small movement of the operating power.

## The Meccano Auto Chassis

## Special Model No. 701



The Meccano Auto Chassis is a model of exceptional interest as it provides a complete demonstration of a real Auto Chassis. It is equipped with a perfect differential, worm steering mechanism and a transmission giving two speeds forward and reverse. It is underslung and provided with semi-elliptic front springs and cantilever rear springs. In order to make its construction quite clear a number of sectional photographs and drawings are necessary. These are all contained on a separate sheet, printed on art paper, which may be purchased from Meccano Company Inc., Elizabeth, N. J. price 15 cents postpaid.

## The "Meccanograph" Designing Machine

## Special Model No. 708

This is a model of extraordinary interest, and we hope that all Meccano boys will build it. With it any boy can make an amazing variety of exquisite designs by fixing a sheet of paper and pencil in position and turning the handle. At the right we reproduce one design which has been made with this instrument and many others could be illustrated if we had the space. There is really no limit whatever to the variety and beauty of the designs which may be whatever to the variety and beauty of the designs which may be
made by simply varying the adjustments. When filled in with
crayons or water colors of different tints the effect is most pleasing.

A special Meccanograph Instruction Book is available, in which this model is clearly described. Numerous designs are also illustrated, with the necessary adjustments for obtaining them. This book will be mailed to any address, post paid on receipt of 25 cents.


## MECCANO PRICE LIST

## MECCANO OUTFITS



Commencing with No. 0 , each Outfit can be converted into the next larger by the addition of the proper Accessory Outfit. See next column.

## ACCESSORY OUTFITS

No. 0A Accessory Outfit. ..... $\$ 1.25$
Converts a No. 0 Oulfil into a No. 1 Oulfil
No. 1a Accessory Outfit ..... 3.00
Converts a No. 1 Outfit into a No. 2 Outfit
No. 2A Accessory Outfit ..... 3.00
Converts a No. 2 Outfit into a No. 3 Oulfit
No. 3A Accessory Outfit ..... 6.00Converts a No. 3 into a No. 4, except motor
No. 4A Accessory Outfit ..... 7.50
Converts a No. 4 into a No. 5, except transformer
No. 5a Accessory Outfit ..... 20.00
Converts a No. 5 Outfit into a No. 6 Out at

## Accessory Outfits do not contain Motors or Transformers

## Meccano Motors and Transformer

4.50
S1 Meccano Clockwork Motor (reversing) ..... 3.00
Type B Transformer ...(for 110v. 60c. A.C. only).... ..... 2.50

Contents of Outfits


## Contents of Outfits

(Continued)

| No. | Description of Part | 00 | 0 | 0 A | 1 | 1A | 2 | 2A | 3 | 3A | 4 | 4A | 5 | 5A | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 97 | Braced Girders, 3i* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98 | Braced Girders, ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\ldots$ | .... | … | …. | … | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | .... | $1$ | -... |  | 7 | 8 |
| 99 | " $12 \frac{1}{1}$ | $\ldots$ | .... | $\ldots$ | … | $\ldots$ | ? | . |  | 4 | $4$ |  | $4$ | 4 | 8 |
| 100 |  | $\ldots$ | … | ---- | $\ldots$ | 2 | 2 | .... | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 14 |
| 102 | Single Bent Strips. | .... | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 103F | Flat Girders, 21" | .... | .... | .... | .... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .... |  | $\frac{2}{9}$ |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| 108 | Architraves. | .... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | .... | … | .... | $\ldots$ | ...- | $2$ | $\frac{2}{1}$ | $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 110 | Rack Strips, $31{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 111 | Bods, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | … | --.. | .... | ...- | $\ldots$ | … | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | .... | 3 |  | 3 |
| 115 | Threaded Pins. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .... | - | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | ..... | 2 |  | 2 |
| 116 | Fork Pieces. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | … | 1 |  | 1 |
| 123 | Cone Pulleys. | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | .... |  | 1 | 1 |
| 125 | Reversed Angle Brackets, $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $\frac{2}{2}$ | 2 | - ... | 2 | 2 | 4 |  | 1 |  | 4 |  | 4 |  | 4 |
| 126A | Flat Trunnions. | 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ | 2 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 2 | 4 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 1 | 5 |  | 5 |
| 128 | Boss Bell Cranks | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | - | $\ldots$ | .... |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |
| 130 | Triple Throw Eccentrics. | … |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .... | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 | -.. | 2 |
| 134 | Crank Sliafts, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ stroke | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | - | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Electric Molors | $\ldots$ | … | $\cdots$ | … | … | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Transformers | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | . | .-I. | .... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

NOTE: Outfits Nos. $1 x, 2 x$ and $3 x$ have the same contents as Outfits Nos. 1,2 and 3 respectively, and in addition an Electric Motor.

## Standard Details of Construction



A-A Brake Mechanism suitable for controlling winding or similar spindles


C-Spring controlled
Band Friction Brake

b D-Wo̊rm"and Worm Gear

## MECCANO

## Hornby's Original System, First Patented 1901

PATENTED IN THE UNITED STATES


T is important to remember that when a boy is playing with MECCANO he is using engimeering parts in miniature, and that these parts act in precisely the same way as do the corresponding engineering elements in actual practice. No other system of model construction cam be correct, and other toys which attempt the same object by other methods must avail themselves of constructive elements which are not correct engineering elements. Consequently, though a boy may succeed in building playthings with them, they are merely toys and nothing else.

